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\$15.15
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The biggest clothing bargain we ever gave or ever expect to give is this magnificent \$15.15 line of suits and overcoats.

Suits and Overcoats at \$20

Try to find their equal elsewhere at \$25.

Suits and Overcoats at \$25

They compare with others' \$30 grades.

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These are wonderful values—worth \$35.

Suits and Overcoats at \$35

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\$25 "Tango" Tuxedo, \$19.75
Silk lined and silk faced to edge—vests with silk back

Money's Worth or Money Back

D. J. Kaufman

The Man's Store (INCORPORATED.) 1005-7 Pa. Ave.

GERMANS GAIN AROUND TOUL

Capture Main Positions of French, It Is Announced in Berlin.

RENEW VERDUN FIGHT

Turkey Is Forced Into War by Russian Aggression, It Is Asserted.

By FREDERICK WERNER.

Berlin (By wireless via Sayville, Long Island), Oct. 31.—It is announced that the Germans have captured the main positions of the French forces operating from Toul. Attacks by the French from Pont-a-Mousson have been repulsed. The success of the German operations against the French barrier forts is expected to result in attention again being directed to the original object of the campaign in France. Military experts in Berlin consider the developments around Verdun most important. They promise a resumption with renewed strength of the campaign of the line of forts extending from Verdun south to Toul.

That the French realize the German objective is shown by the fact that they are straining every effort to crush and outdrive the army which, at the end of September, had penetrated as far as St. Mihiel, and which, for a month, has been fighting its hardest to hold the ground it gained.

Will Split Russian Army.

The experts assert that opening of naval hostilities by Turkey promises to divert Russian troops from Poland, where the Czar has been able to concentrate superior forces against the Austro-German armies.

The war office states there are no new developments in Poland. The Austrians announce that the Russian advance against the region about Turka has been repulsed.

Though silence was maintained in official circles today in reference to the Russo-Turkish situation, the German press was unanimous in declaring that hostilities had been caused by Russian aggression.

The Tagblatt expressed the hope that the next blow of the Turkish fleet would be struck at England, saying: "The second blow of the Turkish fleet, it is hoped, will be aimed at England, which for many years has ambitiously sought to weaken Turkey."

Discarding the activity of the Turkish fleet in the Black Sea the Tagblatt says:

Hard Blow to Russia.

"The first blow struck in defense of the Turkish fleet in the Black Sea hits hard at Russia, which at the end of last century threatened to seize Armenia, and also asked Germany's aid."

The Lokal Anzeiger accepts the Turkish explanation that Russian warships tried to prevent the entrance of the Sultan's fleet into the Black Sea and adds: "It must be emphasized that it was not Turkey, but Russia which started the war. Turkey's attack on Theodosia was a natural sequel to the outrageous Russian attack on Turkey's integrity. The breach of peace was committed by Russia."

The Italian paper Stampa, reports that German troops in East Africa have completely defeated the Belgian troops in the Congo near Kisenji.

The special correspondent of the Frankfurter Zeitung in East Prussia reports that 40,000 civilians in that section of the empire are missing as a result of Russian atrocities.

The Lokal Anzeiger, under the caption "Go Ahead, You Boer People," says the rebellion was an absolute surprise to England and is surely much worse than appears from English telegrams.

GERMAN BASE AT ZEEBRUGGE.

Heavy Guns Being Planted in Sand Dunes to Control Sea.

By HERBERT TEMPLE.

London, Oct. 31.—The Germans are establishing a naval base at Zeebrugge, the port of Bruges on the North Sea, for their proposed attack against England. Reports to this effect which have been current for several days, were confirmed today by the following Reuter dispatch from Amsterdam.

"Yesterday (Friday) the heavy guns again were thundering along the Belgian coast. Obsolete fighting is developing. Large bodies of troops are being moved toward Ostend. The harbor at Zeebrugge is being re-enforced. Eleven hundred German marines have occupied

Ramskapelle, near Hoyt where guns command the forts at Zeebrugge."

Trenches are being dug along the coast, and batteries of heavy German guns mounted among the sand dunes, their muzzles pointing to sea.

The Daughters of the Confederacy, the United Confederate Veterans, Sons of Confederate Veterans, and other patriotic organizations throughout the Southland also have their stamp of approval to the movement.

The Southern Medical Society meets in Richmond this week, and it is probable it will endorse the plan.

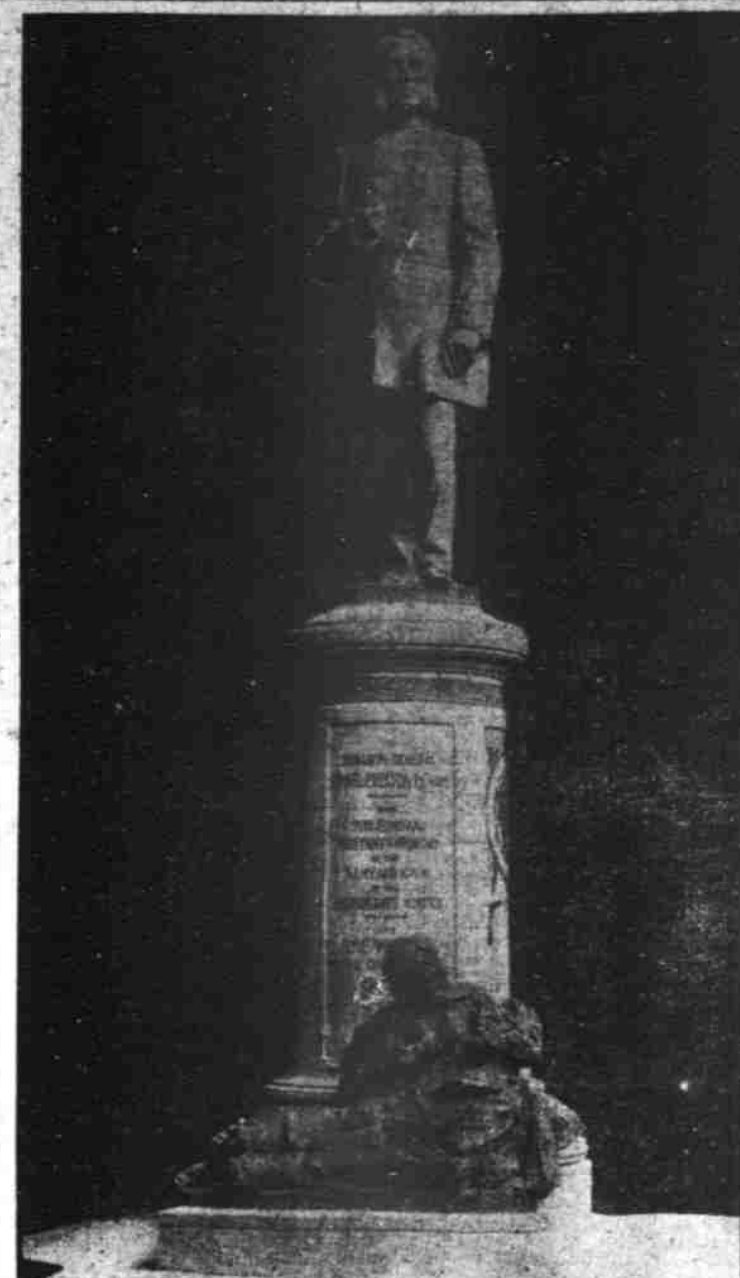
Dr. Samuel E. Lewis, of this city, is chairman of the executive committee of the Association of the Medical Officers of the Confederacy, and is working to organize plans for the memorial.

Dr. Moore was a South Carolinian, born in Charleston, S. C., in 1812. By marriage and descent he was intimately connected with the families of Thomas, Lloyd, the first deputy governor of Pennsylvania under William Penn, and in West Virginia with the Moore, Jackson, Lowndes, and Goff families.

Organized Confederate Doctors.

Dr. Moore was educated in Charleston, graduated in 1834, became assistant surgeon in the United States army March 14, 1835; surgeon (with rank of major), April 30, 1839, and resigned February 23, 1850, to join the Confederacy. He died May 21, 1863, in Richmond.

Dr. Moore organized the medical and surgical departments of the Confederate States, and under great difficulties, equipped and administered the service, in office, hospital, and field throughout the war.



Monument to Dr. Samuel Preston Moore.

Monument Planned To Honor Southern Doctor

Virginia Physicians Join with Other Societies to Perpetuate Memory of Confederacy's Surgeon General, Dr. Samuel Preston Moore, at Richmond.

The Association of the Medical Officers of the Army and Navy of the Confederacy has planned a beautiful memorial to be erected over the grave of Dr. Samuel Preston Moore, surgeon general of the Confederacy, who is buried in Hollywood Cemetery, Richmond.

In 1863, the association began a movement to honor Dr. Moore's memory, and in 1911 the Medical Society of Virginia, in session at Richmond, endorsed the plan. The society at its convention in this city last week re-endorsed it.

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TURKEY PLEADS SHE DOES NOT WANT WAR

Tells Russia Bombardment Was Not Ordered—Czar's Envoy Refused Passport.

Indications of serious divisions within the Turkish government with respect to the war are contained in advices received here yesterday. There is evidence that the Turkish government is endeavoring to disavow the bombardment of Russian Black Sea ports and place the responsibility upon the "war party" and its agents in the hope of averting the storm gathering about the ports.

The State Department was advised that the Turkish minister of finance was understood to have told the French Minister that bombardment of Russian ports was unauthorized by and without the knowledge of the Turkish government. The inference conveyed by the Turkish official was that the bombardment was due to the German influences which have been at work in Turkey in support of the war party ever since the European conflict.

The Ambassadors of the Entente powers are preparing to leave Constantinople, according to Ambassador Morgenthau's dispatch to the State Department. The Russian Ambassador, received instructions from his government to demand his passports of the Ottoman government, but the grand vizier pleaded illness and did not give the Russian an opportunity to present this request to him. It is understood the British Ambassador has requested Ambassador Morgenthau to take charge of the British Embassy in case of his departure. The Russian has placed the interests of his government in the hands of the Italian Ambassador and it is expected the French will do the same.

That the Turkish government will succeed in placing Russia by disavowing responsibility for the bombardment is not believed here. It is pointed out that in addition to the former German cruiser Breslau, the Hamidieh and two Turkish destroyers joined in the bombardment of Russian ports. Responsibility for this will undoubtedly be placed upon the Ottoman government by Russia. The only way in which war can be averted, according to opinion here, is for Turkey to make a most abject apology with the payment of damages and the dismantling of the offending warships.

ASKS RELEASE OF SHIPS.

Want Those at Gibraltar Allowed to Proceed to Italy.

Request for the release of the American steamship Kronland and the Italian vessels San Giovanni and Regina d'Italia, all carrying American passengers, detained at Gibraltar by the British, was made by the State Department yesterday of the British government. This action was based on the facts as in the cases as understood by the State Department.

The Kronland sailed from New York on October 15 with a cargo of copper and rubber shipped by American concerns, and bound for Naples and Piræus. The State Department has no information indicating that the copper is destined for other than the neutral ports to which it is consigned.

While official announcement received yesterday discloses the fact that copper is henceforth to be treated as absolute contraband of war, this change in the status of copper cannot, it is believed, be made retroactive. Consequently, the State Department will uphold the contention that the copper on these ships must be regarded as conditional contraband, because the detentions took place before the new contraband list was published.

Seek Two Stray Lads.

A city-wide search is being made by the police for two little boys reported missing last night. David Mitchell, six years old, bareheaded and wearing a chinchilla overcoat, black shoes and stockings, was reported away from his home at 1422 12th street northwest at 11 o'clock in the morning and had not returned last night.

Albert Schkartz, four years old, black and white checked coat, black velvet cap, black shoes, is missing from 123 8th street northeast.

Area of Honduras is 45,000 square miles.

LODGE FIRES FIRST GUN IN 1916 CAMPAIGN



SENATOR HENRY CABOT LODGE. Whose recent denunciation of President Wilson's Mexican policy is looked upon by Democrats as the firing of the first gun in the Republican campaign against the Democrats which will be continued, it is believed, without cessation from now on until the Presidential election in the fall of 1916.

LUSITANIA BRINGS NOTABLES.

Big Cruiser for Which Fears Were Felt Reached Port.

New York, Oct. 31.—More than a day overdue because of bad weather, the Lusitania, carrying many notable passengers, reached port this morning. The big ship arrived off Ambrose Channel at 5:30 o'clock and soon afterward stopped at Quarantine before proceeding to her pier.

Some fears had been felt for the safety of the Lusitania, but a reassuring wireless message from Capt. Dow was received here last night, saying that the ship had delayed his ship.

The Lusitania brought 300 saloon passengers, 25 second class, and 200 in the steerage. Among those in the first cabin were Mr. and Mrs. Vincent Astor, Mr. and Mrs. Belmont, Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Dwyer, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Dwyer, and Mr. and Mrs. Henry Dwyer.

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HOTEL HARRINGTON

11th and E Streets N. W.

SPECIAL

Table d'Hote Dinner

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Dishes, Service, and Music You'll Like

LODY ADMITS HE IS GERMAN NAVAL OFFICER

"American." Held as Spy. Probably Will Be Sentenced to Death by Court-martial.

London, Oct. 31.—Carl Hans Lody, who is being tried on charges that he served Germany as a spy while he posed as an American citizen under the name of Charles A. Inglis, confessed today that he is a senior lieutenant in the German naval reserve, which he entered in 1908.

As a result of his admission it is expected that the court-martial trying Lody will bring in a verdict of guilty and sentence him to death.

After a mass of evidence had been presented today the court was ordered cleared for the reading of important letters. All the spectators left except a mysterious middle-aged man whom the officials detained.

After the letters were read Lody took the stand. He admitted that his name was rightly given in the charge brought against him and then told of his commission in the German naval reserve.

He said he had married an American woman of German descent in 1912, but the union proved unhappy and he and his wife separated. His wife's father, he said, paid him \$10,000 just before the war in compensation for his financial losses.

The prisoner said he had frequently visited America as agent of the Hamburg-American Steamship Line.

Changes in Personnel.

The following changes in its personnel were made public yesterday by the Department of Commerce:

Temporary appointment, John W. Fouts, car laborer at FBI Bureau of Fisheries, discontinued. Lighthouse service, temporary appointment, Charles F. Burman, additional assistant engineer, terminated. Charles E. D. Norton, temporarily appointed clerk in the office of the Inspector, Nineteenth district; William A. Shoemaker, provisionally appointed second assistant keeper of Eldred Rock Light Station, Alaska.

BOIES PENROSE IN BITTEREST CONTEST

U. S. SENATOR BOIES PENROSE



United States Senator Boies Penrose, of Pennsylvania, is a candidate for reelection, and the Democrats and Progressives are making a hard fight to take away his seat. He has been in the Senate since 1897 and has been under fire often from his political enemies. The Senatorial contest in Pennsylvania is one of the bitterest in the coming November election.

Offered Another's Glory.

A mistake in getting out President Wilson's mail caused the sending of a letter of indorsement to J. C. Vaughn, Progressive candidate for Congress which was intended for M. R. O'Leary, Democratic candidate in the Second Illinois district. The mistake was discovered yesterday, and the President wired to Mr. Vaughn explaining the error and asking him not to use the letter.

AUSTRIANS HOLD 73,819 PRISONERS

Russian Ammunition Depot Near Stary and Sambor Blown Up, Vienna Reports.

By STEVEN BURNETT.

Vienna, Oct. 30 (via Berlin and Amsterdam). Oct. 31.—Official announcement was made today that up to October 28 the Austrians had taken 73,819 prisoners. These include Russians, Serbians, and Montenegrins. It is stated that the Austrians have captured from the Russians the heights near Turka, in Southeastern Galicia. Russian attacks have been repulsed at other Galician points.

The official statement follows: "There was no fighting yesterday in Russian-Poland."

"On the Lower San (Galicia), strong hostile forces which crossed the river south of Nisko were repulsed after severe fighting. Near Stary and Sambor our artillery have blown up a Russian ammunition depot. All hostile attacks on the heights near Turka, in Southeastern Galicia, have been repulsed. In the district north-east of Turka, our attacking troops occupied several important positions on the heights which the enemy was forced to evacuate precipitately. Our landsturm captured numerous prisoners in the engagements."

FREE RECITAL THIS AFTERNOON

Mr. Zelaya Will Give It Under Auspices of Theosophical Society.

Don Alfonso Zelaya, son of former President Zelaya, of Nicaragua, will give a free piano recital this afternoon at 4 o'clock this afternoon at Theosophical Hall, 126 H street northwest, under the auspices of the Washington Theosophical Federation. Mr. Zelaya is very talented. The program will be as follows: "Hindoo Sacred Song" (Rahaja); melodies, B flat minor (Choukowsky); "Dream of Love" (Liszt); "Grand Valse de Concert" (Cervantes); "Spanish Love Song" (Bartok); "Stacato Caprice" (Hansel); and melodies composed by Don Zelaya and dedicated to the Theosophical Society.